

Sports COM: Writing Response #3

This is perhaps the most important writing assignment of the course, so take your time with this one. Read Wayne Booth's "What's supposed to be going on here?" and remember (re-read?) Plato's "The Cave." Write a 2-page response to at least two of the following prompts:

Why does Booth believe that is impossible to master the ability to learn what other men have known or believed ("Recovery")? What difficulties hinder anyone who sets about trying to recover that knowledge?

☞ Booth delivered his address in 1967, at the height of the Vietnam War and during a pre-Internet, pre-social media age. What do you think Booth would say about the technology today in terms of our ability to become educated? What is the difference between being well educated and being filled with information?

"If it's sh—already, I don't have to digest it." Do you agree with Booth's metaphor to illustrate our tendency to reject others' ideas without considering them? Do we try to "reduce other folks' meanings to nonsense we can reject?"

Booth illustrates his claim that "the complacent, uneducated mind does not worry when ideas do not fit" with incidents familiar and relevant to college freshmen in 1967. What are some more contemporary examples? Can you think of times when you have said or done things that betray contradictory ideas?

How well would you do with Booth's challenge to write a summary of his speech that actually reconstructs his meaning?

☞ Booth, a college professor, says college might not be the best place to learn how to recover and understand other people's meanings. Write about a personal, non-school experience that taught you something you could not have learned in school or that helped you to understand or make sense of something you had learned in school.

Living in a Cave

Plato suggests that we all are prisoners of some sort. Discuss what you believe imprisons society in general. What imprisons college students? What imprisons you?

☞ Plato claims that it is often easier to live with falsehoods than with truth. What example does he use to illustrate this, and can you think of an example from your life experience? How about one common in culture today?

How does Plato show that ignorance or prejudice predisposes one to reject reality? Can you think of an example in contemporary life? Your own life?

What or who, in your experience, defines reality? How does one know the “truth” of others definitions?

☞ What does the “cave” analogy define as education’s role in helping one to have a chance at a good life? In what ways does Plato help to define the kind of intellectual activities that contribute to “learning” and, therefore, to an enhanced chance for a good life?

Are the lives of the chained individuals “good” lives, or not? Why?

“He had spoiled his eyesight” by seeing the “light” (paragraph 19—“And if he should...”). Why would the “prisoners” *need* to believe that and want to “kill” the returning “prisoner”?